

Reviewed on 1/14/15

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME: Ammonia Inhalants

PRODUCT USE: OTC drug used to treat or prevent fainting

Product Code: 1401

Manufacturer's Name:	Dynarex Corporation
Manufacturer's Address:	10 Glenshaw Street Orangeburg, NY 10962
Emergency or Information Phone No.:	888-DYNAREX or 845-365-8200 At other times, contact the local Poison Control Center

SECTION 2. Hazards Identification



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GHS-US labelling	include a state of the second of the second been at rest to a position	
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)		
	GHS02 GHS05 GHS08	
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger de la la ser des antes antes de la ser	
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 - Causes serious eye damage H350 - May cause cancer 	
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	 P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment P242 - Use only non-sparking tools P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomitii P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately al clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a for breathing P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minulenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing 	king ng I contaminated I position comfortable
	P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label) P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant for (CO2), water spray, sand, earth for extinction P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, natio regulation.	
2.3. Other hazards		
No additional information available		
No data available		

SECTION 3. Composition/information on Ingredients



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lot applicable full text of H-phrases: see section 16			
.2. Mixture			
Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethyl alcohol	(CAS No) 64-17-5	30 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	15 - 20	Flam. Gas 2, H221 Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314

SECTION 4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries :	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. This material or its emissions may affect the central nervous system and/or aggravate pre-existing disorders.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition products may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throat pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	May cause severe burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion :	May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical a	ttention and special treatment needed

No additional information available



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SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards arising from t	he substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	: Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Containers may swell and Burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

General measures	: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to av naked lights. No smoking, Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall	
	personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. F section 8 : Exposure-controls/personal protection.	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.	
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.	Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.	
6.3. Methods and material for conta	inment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with d	likes or absorbents to prevent
6.4. Reference to other sections		

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe gas, furmes, vapour or spray. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Never use pressure to empty container. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take care to allow internal pressure to escape from container before releasing closures. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure up to prevent leakage. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includin	g any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 degrees F (25oC). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
Incompatible materials	: Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
No additional information available	

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



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Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.
Personal protective equipment	Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.
Respiratory protection	: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties



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9.1. Information on basic		and the second s		
Physical state		Liquid		
Appearance		Clear.		
Colour	:	Red.		
Odour	:	Pungent ammonia o	odour.	
Odour threshold	:	No data available		
pH	:	No data available		
Relative evaporation rate (butyl a	cetate=1) :	No data available		
Melting point	:	No data available		
Freezing point	Useri alte edit mett	No data available		
Boiling point	:	> 35 °C (> 95 °F)		
Flash point	:	< 10 °C (< 50 °F - P	ensky Martens Closed Cup)	
Auto-ignition temperature	hourse :	No data available		
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)		No data available		
Vapour pressure	(nora don ese su	No data available		
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	:	No data available		
Relative density	- Use we are	No data available		
Density		0.891 (Specific Grav	vity @ 25 °C)	
Solubility	(terre tor with en	Soluble in water.	II. allab indebeva no bigsud)	
Log Pow		No data available		
Log Kow	Okar lan me int	No data available		
Viscosity, kinematic	den ton ere s	No data available		
Viscosity, dynamic		No data available		
Explosive properties	Gipda) Leikaya	No data available		
Oxidising properties	siges and all the	No data available		
Explosive limits		No data available		
9.2. Other information				
No additional information available	Contraction of the second			

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity



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10.1. Reactivity	
Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.	
10.2. Chemical stability	
Not established.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Not established.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze acetyl chloride.	, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
Thermal decomposition generates : Fume, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, May release flammable gases. Corrosive	vanours Ammonia Nitrogen

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

oxides. release of highly flammable gases/vapours hydrogen.



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	11.1.	Information	n on toxicol	logical effects
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Acute toxicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LD50 oral rat	350 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	2000 ppm/4h
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	124.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	E Toldt
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
One side termet energy to delta (energy to d	save delisity
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
supposition ((Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition product may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throa pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause severe burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

SECTION 12. Ecological information



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Ammonia (7664-41-7)					
LC50 fishes 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)				
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)				
LC50 fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)				
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)					
LC50 fishes 1	12.0 - 16.0 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)				
EC50 Daphnia 1	9268 - 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)				
LC50 fish 2 months of the second	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)				
EC50 Daphnia 2	10800 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)				
2.2. Persistence and degradability	/				
Ammonia Inhalant Solution					
Persistence and degradability	Not established.				
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential					
Ammonia Inhalant Solution					
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.				
Ammonia (7664-41-7)					
Log Pow	-1.14 (at 25 °C)				
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)					
Log Pow	-0.32				
2.4. Mobility in soil					
No additional information available					
2.5. Other adverse effects					
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.				

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14. Transport information



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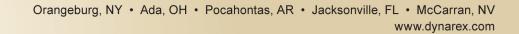


HEALTHCARE BRAND

Corporate Headquarters 10 Glenshaw Street, Orangeburg, NY 10962 Tel: 845.365.8200 • Fax: 845.365.8201 Toll-Free: 888.DYNAREX

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN2924 Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s. (Ammonia, Ethanol), 3, II
UN-No.(DOT)	: 2924
DOT NA no.	: UN2924
DOT Proper Shipping Name	: Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.
	(Ammonia, Ethanol)
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid 8 - Corrosive
DOT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 5 L 2 RolmanD Incommon polarities to you're with associated 2007/15, petrovert 0/3EP et the bar
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" or passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
	. No supprementary information available.
ADR	
Transport document description	: No additional information available
Transport by sea	
Transport by sea No additional information available Air transport	

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Ammonia Inhalant Solution				
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	588 lb			
Ammonia (7664-41-7)				
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic cher Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic cher	nical listings)			
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	100 lb (tonation etropianeto)			
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500			
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia from water dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources, 10% of total aqueous Ammonia is reportable under the listing)			
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)				
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa 5.2. International regulations ANADA				
5.2. International regulations	ndras ordras genes (201) F. Madeuri Distance genes (201) F. Madeuri Distance genes (201) F. Madeuri Distance (201)			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7)	ndras odras			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material			
5.2. International regulations AMADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material es List) inventory. Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liguid			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification U-Regulations	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class D Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material es List) inventory. Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects			
5.2. International regulations ANADA Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance WHMIS Classification U-Regulations Ammonia (7664-41-7)	es List) inventory. Class A - Compressed Gas Class D Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material es List) inventory. Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects			



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Classification accordir Not classified	ng to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2			
	g to Directive 67/548/EEC or 19			
5.2.2. National regu	lations			
Ammonia (7664-41-7)				
Listed on Inventory of E Listed on the Japanesee Listed on the Korean E Listed on New Zealand Listed on Inventory of C Poisonous and Deleteri	Australian Inventory of Chemical Existing Chemical Substances (IEC ENCS (Existing & New Chemical CL (Existing Chemical List) invent - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Chemicals and Chemical Substanc ous Substances Control Law Ingredient Disclosure List	CSC) Is Substances) inventory. tory.		
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)			
Listed on the AICS (the Listed on Inventory of E Listed on the Japanese Listed on the Korean E Listed on New Zealand Listed on Inventory of C	tional Agency for Research on Ca Australian Inventory of Chemical Existing Chemical Substances (IEC ENCS (Existing & New Chemical CL (Existing Chemical List) invent - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) hemicals and Chemical Substance Ingredient Disclosure List	Substances) CSC) Is Substances) inventory. iory.		
5.3. US State regulatio	ns			
thyl alcohol (64-17-5)				
I.S California - roposition 65 - carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
'es	Yes			

SECTION 16. Other information

Disclaimer:

This Safety Data Sheet, which takes into consideration the requirements of Directive 76/768/EC and subsequent amendments and Directive 1999/45/EC plus subsequent amendments, has been prepared in accordance with Directive (EC) 1907/2006. It is believed to be correct and corresponds to the latest scientific/technical knowledge but all data, instructions,

recommendations and/or suggestions are made without guarantee. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and Dynarex Corp. assumes no legal responsibility or liability resulting from its use.



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